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APPLICATION NO	Э.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/718,352		11/21/2003	David A. Kienholz	CSA-007	9877
23832	7590	12/21/2004		EXAMINER	
	BREWST		GRAHAM, M	GRAHAM, MATTHEW C	
	EY AT LA MINGO W		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUNNYV	ALE, CA	94087	3683	-	
			DATE MAILED: 12/21/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/718,352	KIENHOLZ, DAVID A					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Matthew C Graham	3683					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address -					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin oly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timety. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 s	September 2004.						
<i>,</i> —							
Disposition of Claims							
 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☒ Claim(s) <u>5-6</u> is/are objected to. 	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>5-6</u> is/are objected to.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in the contract of the contract o	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)		,					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da						

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the amendment filed on 9/30/2004.

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Terao et al. in view of Davis et al.

Terao et al. in shows a shock absorber having a pneumatic actuator with a magnetic force actuator to fine tune the position of the piston. Note the magnet 82 that is used in combination with a sensor positioned on an outer circumferential surface of the cylinder tube 42 for detecting a positional error of the piston 20. The claimed invention differs from Terao et al. only in the type of magnet actuator and the type of sensor.

Davis teaches the use of a linear magnetic actuator and pressure sensors for controlling an isolator.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have utilized a linear motor and pressure sensors in Terao et al in view of the teaching of Davis et al. as a mere substitute of known equivalents dependent on the associated environment or intended use of the actuator.

Also, the use for positioning payload is considered as a mere matter of intended use.

Re- claim 2, note gas tank 12 in Terao et al.

Re- claim 3, Davis shows the linear motor.

Re-claim 4, uniaxial fails to connote any specific structure.

- 4. Claims 5-6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 5. Applicant's arguments filed 9/30/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As to a pneumatic isolator, Terao et al show a gas powered actuator (pneumatic). Pneumatic actuators inherently act as vibration isolators due to the compressibility of the gas. As to error detection, Terao et al clearly teaches error detection and compensation, see column 6, lines 6-24. In response to applicant's argument that the device of Davis et al. cannot be combined with Terao et al., the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Matthew C Graham at telephone number 703-308-2570.

MATTHEW C. GRAHAM PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 310

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